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A Problem on Generation Sets Containing Fibonacci Numbers,
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Abstract

At the Sixteenth International Conference on Fibonacci Numbers and Their Applications the following problem was posed by Clark Kimberling:

Let S be the set generated by these rules: Let $1 \in S$ and if $x \in S$, then $2x \in S$ and $1 - x \in S$, so that S grows in generations:

$$G_1 = \{1\}, G_2 = \{0, 2\}, G_3 = \{-1, 4\}, \dots$$

Prove or disprove that each generation contains at least one Fibonacci number or its negative.

In this paper we generalize the problem as follows. Let S be the set described above, \mathcal{S} be a sequence and \mathcal{P} the property that a generation contains a term of \mathcal{S} or the negative of a term of \mathcal{S} . We will show that when \mathcal{S} is the Fibonacci sequence there are many generations that fail to have property \mathcal{P} . Other sequences \mathcal{S} will also be considered and shown to have at least one generation failing to have property \mathcal{P} . The proportion of generations failing to have property \mathcal{P} is also investigated.